

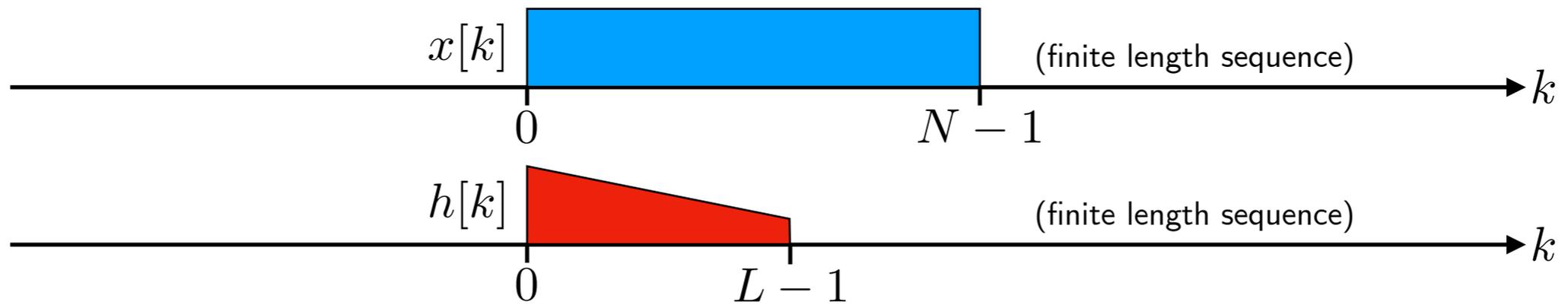
Convolution Lab

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Definition of Convolution

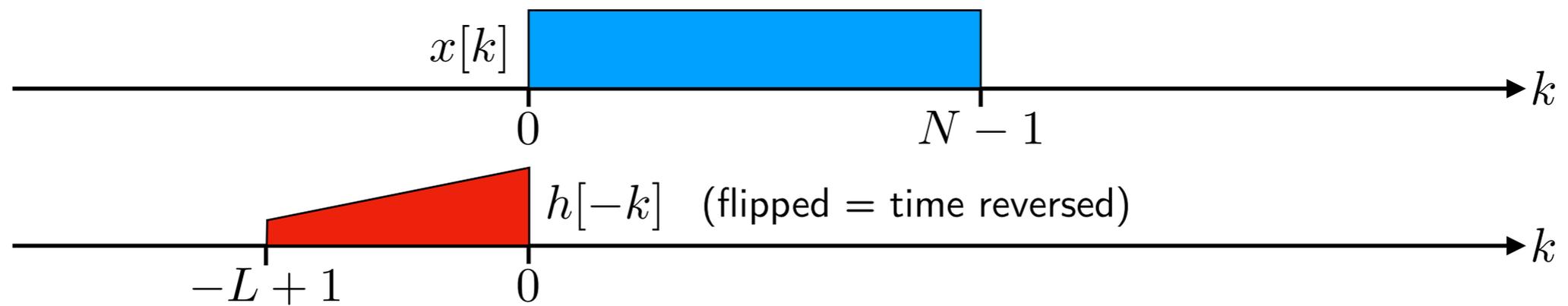
$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k], \quad -\infty < n < \infty$$

(convolution for infinite length sequences)



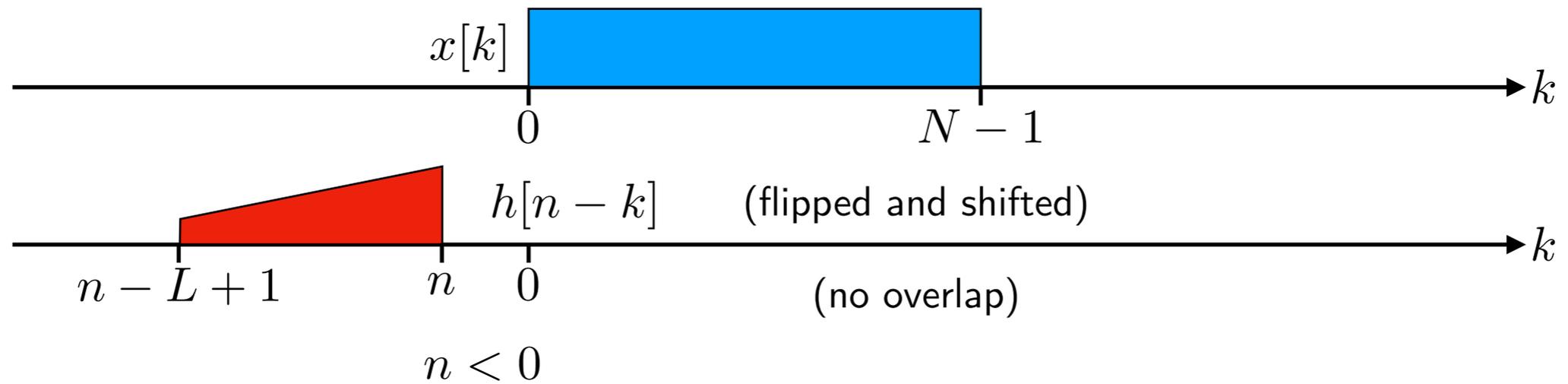
Definition of Convolution

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k], \quad -\infty < n < \infty$$



Definition of Convolution

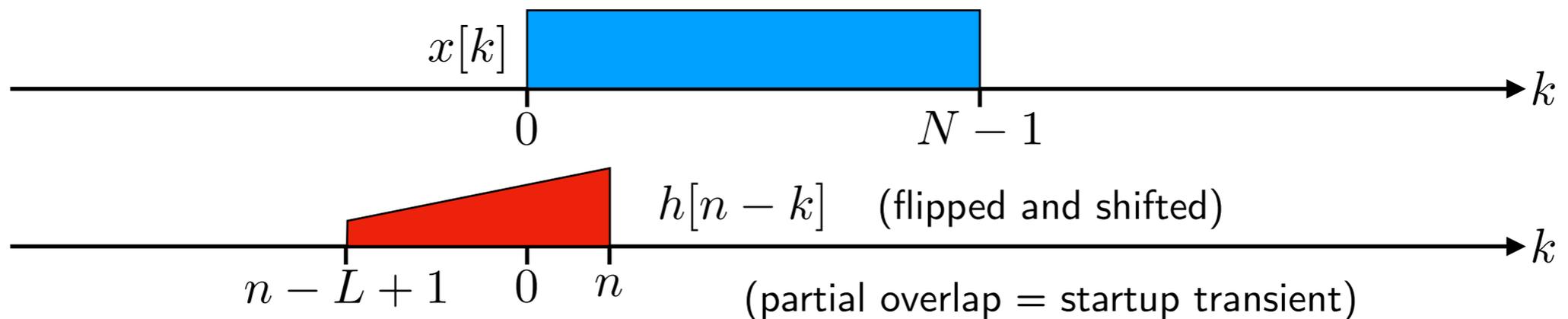
$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k], \quad -\infty < n < \infty$$



$$y[n] = 0, \quad n < 0$$

Definition of Convolution

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k], \quad -\infty < n < \infty$$



$$n - L + 1 < 0 \leq n \quad \Rightarrow \quad 0 \leq n < L - 1$$

$$0 \leq n \leq L - 2 < L - 1$$

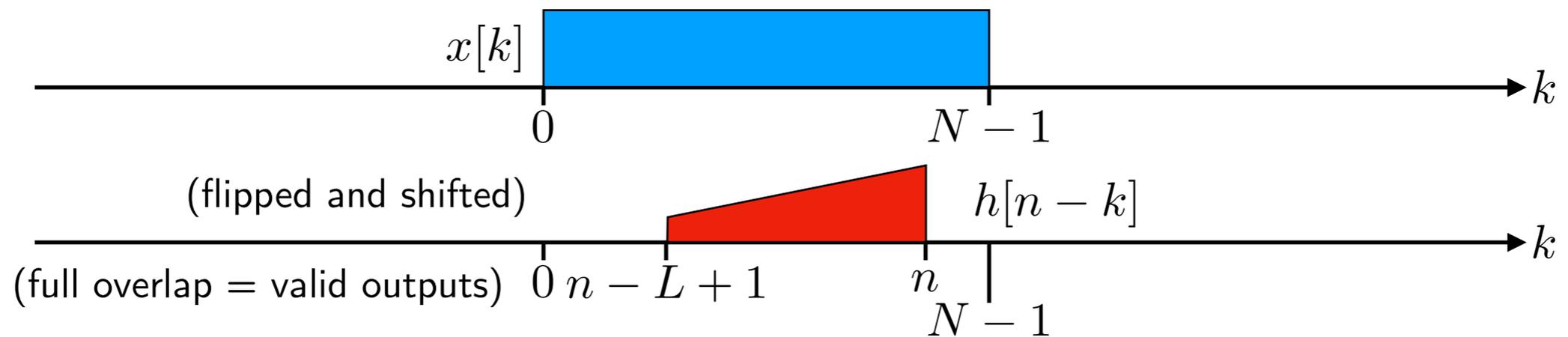
$$y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^n x[k]h[n-k], \quad 0 \leq n \leq L - 2$$

Number of samples in startup transient = L-1

$$(L - 2) - (0) + 1 = L - 1$$

Definition of Convolution

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k], \quad -\infty < n < \infty$$



$$0 \leq n - L + 1 \quad \text{and} \quad n \leq N - 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad L - 1 \leq n \leq N - 1$$

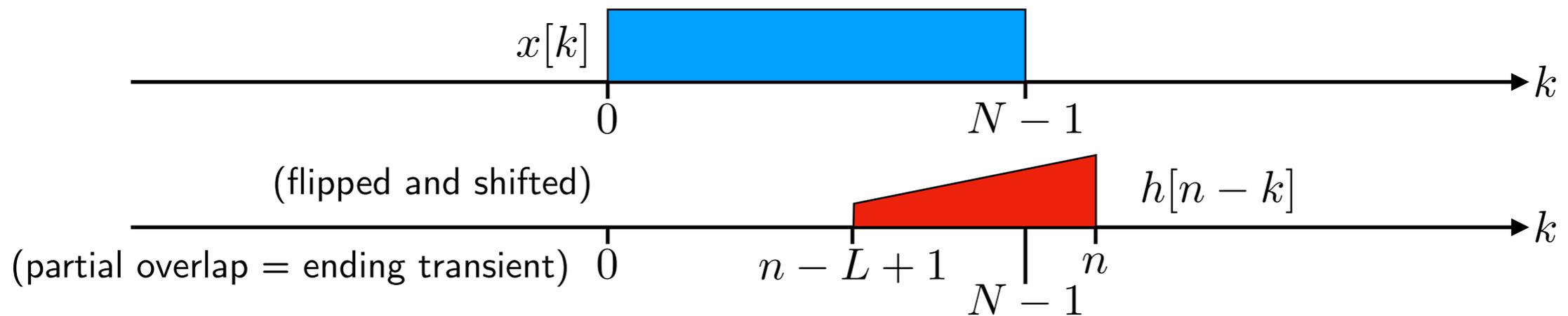
$$y[n] = \sum_{k=n-L+1}^n x[k]h[n-k], \quad L - 1 \leq n \leq N - 1$$

Number of valid output samples = $N - L + 1$

$$(N - 1) - (L - 1) + 1 = N - L + 1$$

Definition of Convolution

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k], \quad -\infty < n < \infty$$



$$n - L + 1 \leq N - 1 < n \quad \Rightarrow \quad N - 1 < n \leq N + L - 2$$

$$N - 1 < N \leq n \leq N + L - 2$$

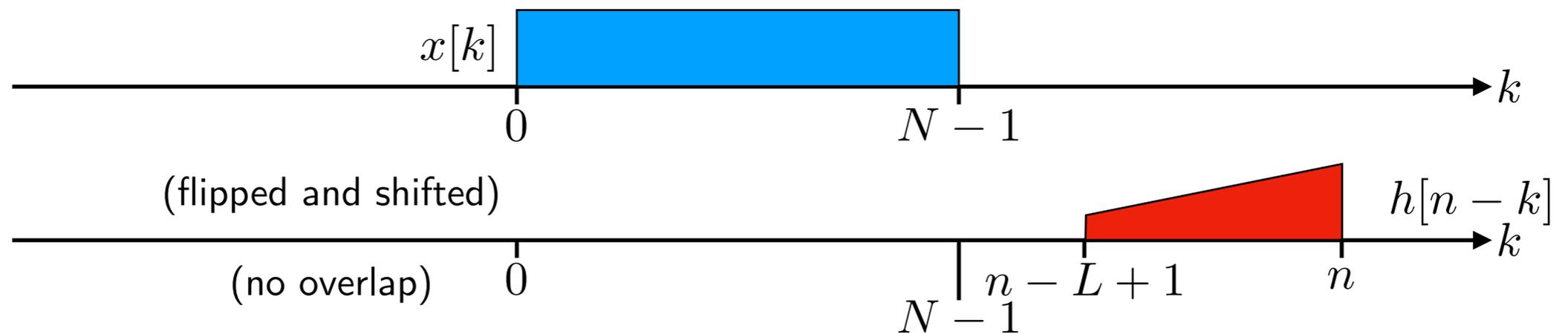
$$y[n] = \sum_{k=n-L+1}^{N-1} x[k]h[n-k], \quad N - 1 < n \leq N + L - 2$$

Number of samples in ending transient = L-1

$$(N + L - 2) - (N) + 1 = L - 1$$

Definition of Convolution

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k], \quad -\infty < n < \infty$$



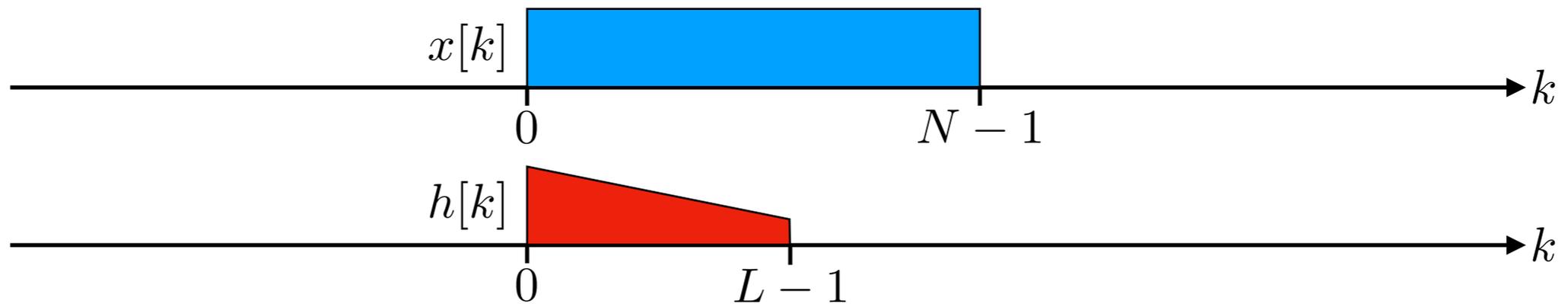
$$n - L + 1 > N - 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad n > N + L - 2$$

$$y[n] = 0, \quad n > N + L - 2$$

Definition of Convolution

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k], \quad -\infty < n < \infty$$

(convolution for infinite length sequences)



$$y[n] = \sum_{k=\max(0, n-L+1)}^{\min(N-1, n)} x[k]h[n-k], \quad 0 \leq n \leq N+L-2$$

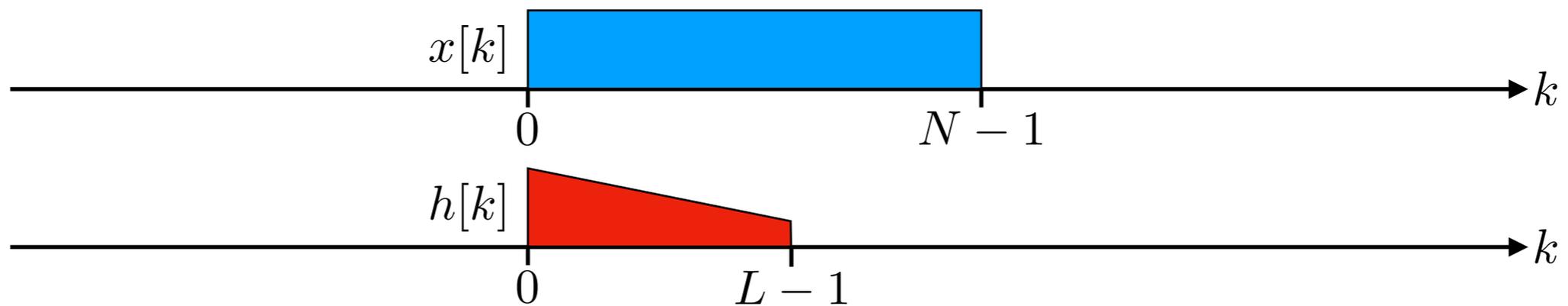
(convolution for finite length sequences)

Total length = $N+L-1$

Definition of Convolution

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k], \quad -\infty < n < \infty$$

(convolution for infinite length sequences)



$$y[n] = \sum_{k=\max(0, n-L+1)}^{\min(N-1, n)} x[k]h[n-k], \quad 0 \leq n \leq N+L-2$$

(convolution for finite length sequences)

Total length = $N+L-1$

How do we program this on a computer?

Mechanics of Convolution

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=\max(0, n-L+1)}^{\min(N-1, n)} x[k]h[n-k], \quad 0 \leq n \leq N+L-2$$

	y_0	y_1	y_2	y_3	y_4	y_5	y_6	y_7	y_8	y_9	y_{10}	y_{11}
	x_0	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	x_7				
$L = 5$ $N = 8$ $N + L - 1 = 12$												
$\leftarrow L - 1 \rightarrow$	$\leftarrow N \rightarrow$							$\leftarrow L - 1 \rightarrow$				

Mechanics of Convolution

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=\max(0, n-L+1)}^{\min(N-1, n)} x[k]h[n-k], \quad 0 \leq n \leq N + L - 2$$

(startup transient)

(valid outputs)

(ending transient)

	y_0 y_1 y_2 y_3	y_4 y_5 y_6 y_7	y_8 y_9 y_{10} y_{11}
	x_0 x_1 x_2 x_3	x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7	
h_4 h_3 h_2 h_1	h_0		
h_4 h_3 h_2	h_1 h_0		
$L-1$ h_4 h_3	h_2 h_1 h_0		
(partial overlap) h_4	h_3 h_2 h_1 h_0		
	h_4 h_3 h_2 h_1 h_0		
	h_4 h_3 h_2 h_1 h_0		
	$N-L+1$ h_4 h_3 h_2 h_1 h_0		
	(full overlap) h_4 h_3 h_2 h_1 h_0		
	h_4 h_3 h_2 h_1	h_0	(partial overlap)
	h_4 h_3 h_2	h_1 h_0	$L-1$
	h_4 h_3	h_2 h_1 h_0	
	h_4	h_3 h_2 h_1 h_0	
$L=5$			
$N=8$			
$N+L-1=12$			
$\leftarrow L-1 \rightarrow$	$\leftarrow N \rightarrow$	$\leftarrow L-1 \rightarrow$	

Implementation of Convolution

Goto Matlab