

# HW 3 LTI Systems

1. Let the impulse response  $h[n]$  be given by the piece-wise defined sequence

$$h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & -3 \leq n \leq 3, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

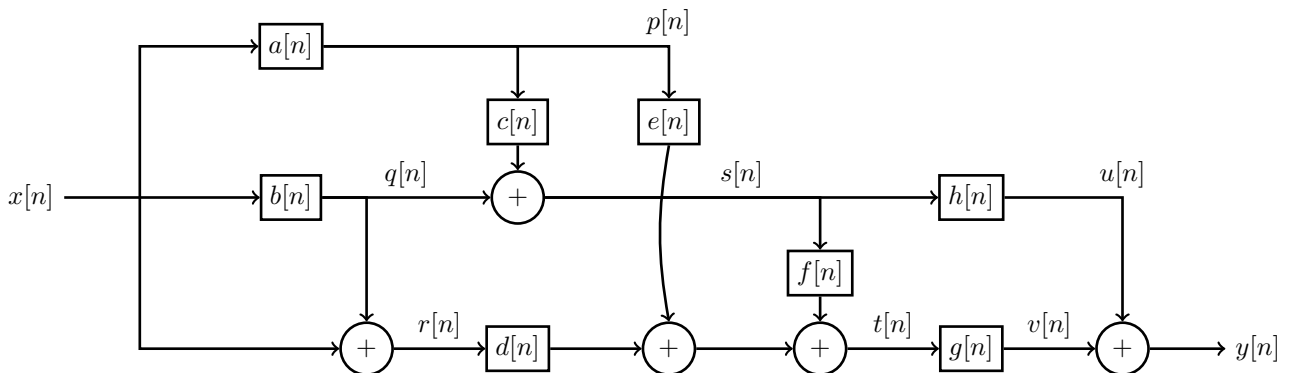
Convolve  $h[n]$  with the following input signals. In each case, write the convolution result  $y[n] = h[n] * x[n]$  as a piece-wise defined sequence.

- (a)  $x_1[n] = a^{|n|}$ , where  $|a| < 1$
  - (b)  $x_2[n] = a^n u[n]$ , where  $|a| < 1$
  - (c)  $x_3[n] = a^n (u[n] - u[n - 10])$
  - (d)  $x_4[n] = x_2[n] + 3x_2[n - 10]$  (hint: use linearity and time invariance)
  - (e)  $x_5[n] = e^{j2\pi f n}$  (everlasting complex exponential) and evaluate the output when  $f = \frac{3}{7}$  and when  $f = \frac{5}{14}$ .
  - (f)  $x_6[n] = e^{j2\pi f n} u[n]$  (causal complex exponential) and evaluate the output when  $f = \frac{3}{7}$
  - (g) Is the system with impulse response  $h[n]$  causal?
  - (h) Is the system with impulse response  $h[n]$  stable?
2. Let  $y[n] = x[n] * x^*[-n]$ . Give an interpretation of  $y[0]$ .
3. Let  $h[n]$  be given by

$$\begin{aligned} h[n] &= 0, & n \leq -3 \\ h[-2] &= 1 \\ h[-1] &= 2 \\ h[n] &= 3, & n = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \\ h[n] &= 0, & n \geq 6 \end{aligned}$$

Let  $x[n] = 0.9^n u[n]$ . Do the following:

- (a) Sketch  $h[-k]$  on the  $k$  axis
  - (b) Sketch  $h[n - k]$  on the  $k$  axis
  - (c) Sketch  $h[10 - k]$  on the  $k$  axis
  - (d) Sketch  $x[k]$  on the  $k$  axis
  - (e) Compute the value of  $y[10]$ .
- In your sketches, include the region  $k = -2, -1, 0, \dots, 15$ .
4. Consider the cascade interconnection of LTI systems show below. Find an expression for the impulse response of an equivalent system.



5. Let  $h[0], h[1], \dots, h[L - 1]$  be a length  $L$  impulse response and let  $x[0], x[1], \dots, x[M - 1]$  be a length  $M > L$  input sequence. Let  $y[0], y[1], \dots, y[N - 1]$  be the length  $N$  convolution result.

- (a) What is the length  $N$  of the output  $y[n]$  in terms of  $L$  and  $M$ ?
- (b) How many samples of the output  $y[n]$  (and which ones) are starting transients?
- (c) How many samples of the output  $y[n]$  (and which ones) are ending transients?
- (d) How many samples of the output  $y[n]$  (and which ones) are valid output samples.

6. Sketch the impulse response for the equivalent system.

